OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1752. [N°. 90.

These may be called Jests; *but if they are ſo, they literally ſhare the Nature of very ſerious* Truths.
BEN JOHNSON.

To the AUTHOR *of the* OLD ENGLAND GAZETTE.

SIR,

YOU, and the malignant Party of whom you ſeem the Mouth-piece *without Doors*, are ever declaiming againſt us *Gentlemen-Soldiers* in favour of your *Liberty* and its *Militia*. You are always on the ſame Side, and, tho' Arguments, invincible as ourſelves, are with and for us; yet you never have had the Candor to inſtruct your Readers in them.——— You can expatiate with a florid Exaggeration on the Excellence of the judicial Maxim, *Audi alteram partem*; yet have you not once exemplified it in the Cauſe in queſtion. The Reaſon I ſuppoſe is, you look upon yourſelf rather as the Advocate of a *Militia*, than the Judge between that and a *profeſſed Military*. If that be the caſe, let me declare myſelf *of Council for the Defendant*, and let the good People of *England*, *aſſiſted by the preſent Army*, be the *Free Judges* between us.

Tho' a *Soldier* I have not forfeited the Birthright of an *Engliſhman*. I may think, and, Time and Place prudently diſtinguiſhed, ſpeak too. 'Tis very true, that, as what I have to ſay is founded upon true *Machiavelian* Doctrines, where Virtue has no imminent Præeminence, I might have made my Appearance with a better Grace in the *Covent Garden Journal*; but when I luckily recollected the eſſential Purpoſe of my writing was to be read, I determined not to ſacrifice to Oblivion ſo haſtily: And if, after this honeſt Confeſſion, you deny me Admittance in your Paper, I am ſo ſanguine in the general Intereſt of my Brotherhood, that I will not only ſet forth, by the Aſſiſtance of the *Cenſor*, ſuch your Partiality with the unanſwerable Reaſons for continuing the preſent military Eſtabliſhment independent of any *Militia* Projects whatever, but will give away his Papers and, what I am ſure will be effectual, *pay* People for *reading* them. —— Should any be ſturdy enough to refuſe this pecuniary Conſideration, their Number cannot be alarming; and the Few, we all know, are the Contemptible.

But what ſignifies, you'll object, bribing Men to read:—Can I bribe their Underſtandings, Honor and Conſciences to approve what they read? If I cannot do this too, it muſt be for the ſame Reaſon that Agurtha aſſigned why *Rome* could not be bought.—Thro' Want of Money to buy, not Want of Inclination to ſell.

Tanta in muneribus fiducia! ———

Taking it for granted, you will rather publiſh my *military* Thoughts than ſuffer yourſelf to be convicted of Partiality in the notorious Manner above mentioned, I ſhall curtail the Prelude to admit the Performance itſelf.

You have harangued very elaborately on the Expediency, Security and Advantage of *a National Militia*. I would chriſten it a *NOtional Militia*, but that you might call me a mean Imitator of our *cenſorial* Punſter; tho' I may venture to aſſert, without the Imputation of imitating any one whatever, that *a true Pun* is *good Wit*, and conſequently *good Senſe*. Therefore, I can at moſt be only ſaid to adopt the *general Wit* our *worſhipful Punſter has but aimed at* in moſt of his humorous *Scriblings*. But as my Buſineſs is not *to pun* away my Time, I ſhall leave the Definition of that much admired Art to his *Worſhip*, who has it more at Heart than any one elſe, unſucceſsful as his Head has hitherto been in the *ingenious Practice*.

That your *Militia* Schemes are but *Notional*, I can demonſtrate by a Variety of Arguments; which I ſhall reduce to Three general Heads:

Firſt, I aſſert a *Militia* is utterly repugnant either to a *Monarchy* or *Oligarchy*, to a Government in a ſingle Perſon or in a Few, one of which no one can have the Aſſurance to deny the *Britiſh* Conſtitution to be.

Secondly, I aſſert, That an *Army of profeſſed Soldiers*, which you invidiouſly call *Mercenaries*, are the only proper Guardians of ſuch Governments.

Thirdly, That, ſuppoſing a *Militia* tolerated by Government, an Abſurdity which for the ſake of Argument can only be ſuppoſed, it is evident the Bulk of the People would never *perſonally* diſcipline themſelves.

You have expended much Time and Paper to very little Purpoſe, in lecturing your Readers ſo frequently on the Conſtitution of this Kingdom. You are ſingularly fond of the Words *Commonwealth*, *Mixed Government*, *Free State*, *&c.* tho' they have certainly as little Meaning applied to *England*, as the Terms *Patriot*, *Stateſman*, *Politician*, *&c.* applied to *Engliſhmen*. I cannot believe you ſpeak as you think, when you talk ſo largely on the *Freedom*, *Liberty*, and I know not what ſynonimous Jargon beſide, enjoyed by the *Britiſh* Subject in a degree ſo ſuperior to any other People upon Earth. It is evident to me, you mean no more by this unfair Dealing with the inexperienced Multitude, than to ſtamp in their Minds falſe Notions of the preſent Conſtitution, with an inſidious View of procuring by degrees that you deſcribe to them. This Deſign is the more apparent from the preſent *Militia* Scheme, the inſolent Treatment the *Soldier of Fortune* everywhere meets with, and the invidious Preference you give the *Freeholder* fighting *Aris & Focis* to a *profeſſed Soldier* who has *neither Altars*, *Home*, or any thing *but his Pay* to fight for.

You have gone ſuch Lengths, thro' the *Clemency of Cæſar*, as even to aſſume a Name baneful to him and us. 'Tis Time we look about us: Theſe Exuberances of *Liberty* muſt be pruned, or they mar the Tree of *Monarchy*.——*England* you cry is a *Free State*, a *limited Monarchy!*—This laſt is *unlimited Nonſenſe* I am ſure, or the antient *Greek* Authors and after them their Lexicograpers did not underſtand their own Language ſo well as modern *Engliſhmen*: And the firſt, tho' leſs abſurd, is not leſs falſe.——The Language of a *Free People* to their *Chief Magiſtrate* would not be, *We Your M——y's moſt dutiful Subjects, the ——— in Parliament aſſembled, moſt* HUMBLY *approach Your Sacred Perſon, &c.* ———Had Dogs, or other ſervile Animals, the Organs of Speech, in what more ſubmiſſive Terms could they utter themſelves to the Lords of the Creation? Or in what more adequate, can theſe Lords addreſs their Creator. The Stile of manly *Cordiality*, not of ſervile *Humility*, flows from the Mouth of *Freedom*. To illuſtrate this I need only give you a Tranſcript of ſuch an Addreſs, ſpoke by the Marſhal of the *Swediſh* Boors, ſomething like the Speaker of a Houſe of Commons, to Q. *Chriſtina*, concerning her intended Reſignation of the Crown of *Sweden*:

" O Lord God, Madam, what do you mean to do? Your Father was a good Man, and governed us juſtly, and gained great Honor abroad, and we loved and obeyed him as our King. You are his only Child, and have governed us happily, and we love you with all our Hearts, and are willing to do ſo ſtill: Therefore, *Madam*, as we are not weary of you, why ſhould you be weary of us? For God's Sake, think better of it, and don't, don't leave us."

Here you ſee as little *Humility* as *Elegance*, if the Expreſſions of *Affection* can ever be inelegant. But the *Swedes* were indeed *free*; and their Language was adapted accordingly. May I not aſſert, then, that our Language is alſo ſuited to our Condition, and that *Freedom* and *Humility* are incompatible with one another, and cannot exiſt to a manly degree in the ſame Place?—

Thus, from the Words of public Acts, is fairly deduced your *Free Conſtitution*. You wanted ſome Correction, and your Readers truer Information, in this Point; for whenever we can have a King of our own Kidney, we can make him, in ſpite of P*** ***t, as *abſolute as the Grand Seignor*.

But you have at preſent a King who is no *Monarch*; that is, a King who withholds his *juſt Rights*, who does not martial his *Slaves*, and who admires *Liberty* in all her Forms. How repugnant this Deportment is to his *Glory*, let *Machiavel*, and the recent Example of a *Louis*, inform him.—

Some among you obſerve, that an *Oligarchy* has been often ſeen in *England*. It may be ſo; this makes no Difference to the *Soldier of Fortune*; for under a *nominal Monarchy* muſt a *real Oligarchy* exiſt.

That a *Militia* will unhinge this *abſolute Monarchy* (for ſuch a *Monarchy* it is, or none at all) is plain from the unerring Evidence of former Ages. The Hiſtory of every Country declares the ſame, tho' domeſtic Examples are too numerous to admit foreign. *John*, *Edward* II. *Richard* II. &c. were murdered, depoſed, diſgraced, and ſhamefully obliged *to temporize with their own Subjects*; and all this, becauſe the *Militia* were the only Supporters of *ſacred Royalty*. To deſcend nearer our own Times, what did the pious *Charles* I. ſuffer from his rebellious Parliament and their *Militia*? Shamefully beat firſt, then cruelly murdered, for no other Reaſon than that he had *trampled under Foot* what the Rebels called *the Liberties of Engliſhmen*. Had *Charles* copied the *French* King, and procured himſelf a Guard of *profeſſed Soldiers*, had he got 20000 ſtaunch Swords ready to draw in his Defence, he might ſafely have given up the *Militia*, and braved all the future vain Endeavours of his Parliament: He might have tranſmitted the Government to his Poſterity *pure as it was in the Conqueror's Days*. But not doing this, what was the Conſequence? *Liberty*, ſays *Bentivoglio*, *generates Licence*, *Licence Inequality*, *Inequality Tyranny*. — The *Protector* ſucceeds the *King*, and, edified by the Overſight of his Predeceſſor, kept his Power by the *Army* the other wanted, and thus died in the Bed of State. Our Times too have copied the Protector; and, when this Delirium of Militia Schemes that has ſeized the Brains of the common People ſhall be removed, Things may go in the old *monarchical* Channel.

Were I to enumerate the glorious Exploits of what you call Standing Armies, I ſhould but repeat the greateſt Actions recorded of Mankind. *Cambyſes*, *Alexander*, *Cæſar*, all the Heroes of Antiquity;—*Charles*, *Peter*, *Louis*, *Eugene* and *Marlborough*, modern Conquerors — Theſe, better than I, declare the invincible Proweſs of *profeſſed Soldiery*; theſe explain the Term *Veteran* in Characters which cannot be erazed but with the Earth's Foundations.

If Militias were the Supports of *Monarchy* (and ſuch our Conſtitution muſt be allowed) it is wonderful the *Turks*, *Perſians*, *Ruſſians*, *French*, &c. have not choſe theſe Guardians. But you'll anſwer, the Caſe is not parallel; we are a *Mixed Conſtitution*, or, what I have ridiculed, *a limited Monarchy*. —I deny it; 'tis evident to Common Senſe, all your *mixed* and *limited* Notions of this Government owe their Exiſtence to the royal Forbearance; for cannot his M——y, were he ſo *glorioufly* minded, make himſelf, *by the Aſſiſtance of his Army*, as ABSOLUTE a *Monarch* as any in the Univerſe. — Hence know, you do not poſſeſs *Liberty* as a *Right* but as a *Grace!*

I have ſaid enough to evince the Truth of my two firſt Aſſertions, to which I refer you: The laſt (concerning the People's Diſinclination to Diſcipline) will take up very little Time; for as this Opinion firſt took its Riſe in the *Army*, it will be maintained there by more convincing Arguments than can be drawn on Paper. But, ſurely, the concurring Teſtimony of near *Thirty Thouſand* Gentlemen, who all ſubſiſt on the King's Pay, will of itſelf command and juſtify your Credulity. I will venture here to reſt the Truth of this Aſſertion: If every Soldier in *Britain*, under the Ranks of Cornet or Enſign, will not ſwear our Freeholders unwilling or unable to carry the Musket, I will conſent to give up the Argument; and, what is more, inſtruct your Militia in the Uſe of Arms!

Upon the whole, it is humbly ſubmitted to the Judges, whether a *profeſſed hired Military*, or a *free national Militia*, are the moſt natural Guardians of this *abſolute Monarchy!*

Quod modo propoſui, non eſt ſententia; verum
Credite me vob.s folium recitare Sybillæ.

IRONICUS MILES.

LONDON.

The *Fun and Muſic* Phænomenon, obſcured in its firſt Appearance thro' the Intervention of ſome malign Stars, is prognoſticated to make a ſecond Appearance next Week; when, 'tis ſaid, the Light of it will ſhine ſo intenſely, as even to pierce thro' the pſeudo *Aſtræan* Bodies that ſo remarkably foul the Atmoſphere of this Metropolis.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, Feb. 25.

His Majeſty's Birth Day will be kept on Tueſday the 30 of March next; and all Perſons are to leave off their Mourning for that Day.

Whitehall, Feb. 22. The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Honourable George Earl of Cardigan, the Offices of Conſtable of the Caſtle of Windſor and of Lieutenant of the ſaid Caſtle, in the room of his Grace Charles Duke of St. Alban's, deceaſed.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Eleazar Le Merchant, the Office or Place of Bailiff of his Majeſty's Iland of Guernſey.

Saturday laſt being the Birth Day of the Princeſs of Heſſe, who then entered into the 31ſt Year of her Age, his Majeſty received the Compliments of the Nobility and Gentry at his Palace at St. James's on that Occaſion.

We hear the Right Hon. Lord Onſlow is to have one of the Red Ribbons.

Saturday laſt came on the Election of a Member of Parliament for Boſſiney, in Cornwall, when the Hon. Capt. William Montague was choſen.

It is ſaid that the Number of Tickets in the Lottery for this Year is to be 120,000, which at 5 l. each makes 600,000 l. There are to be 96,000 Blanks, and 24,000 Prizes, which is exactly four Blanks to a Prize. Of the Prizes the higheſt are to be two of 10,000 l. and the loweſt of 10 l. There will alſo be four of 4000 l. Out of the Prizes are to be deducted 15 per Cent. which in all will make 90,000 l. and this Sum is to be applied to the Relief and ſupport of poor Children. It is ſaid that particular Care will be taken to prevent the Tickets being engroſſed, any Perſon being to have it in his Power to purchaſe a ſingle Ticket at the original Value of 5 l. but no Allowance to be given for Blanks.

Laſt Wedneſday an Expreſs arrived in Town to the Lord Glenorchy, with an Account of the Death of the Earl of Breadalbance at Edinburgh.

We hear by the Death of Lady Monſon, her Ladyſhip's Jointure, of about 2000 l. a Year, reverts to his Lordſhip; as alſo a conſiderable Fortune to the Honourable Lewis Watſon, his Lordſhip's Brother.

Yeſterday 7-Night died, at his Epiſcopal Palace Cheſter, the Right Rev. Dr. Samuel Peploe, Lord Biſhop of that Dioceſe. He was Vicar of Preſton in Lancaſhire, at the Time of the Rebellion in 1715, when the Pretender's Son was in Poſſeſſion of that Town; and for his Zeal in Behalf of the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment, he was on the Death of Dr. Francis Gaſtril made Biſhop of Cheſter in the Year 1726. His Lordſhip was before that Warden of Mancheſter College, which he held 'till within a few Years, and then he reſigned the ſame in Favour of his Son, the preſent Warden thereof.

On Tueſday died in Shoreditch, Mr. Welch, a Weaver by Buſineſs, aged 116; who ſerved his Time in that Pariſh, and was bound Apprentice to a Tape Weaver in the Year King Charles I. was beheaded. His Body will be carried to Gavelſtone in Lincolnſhire to be interred, that being the Place of his Nativity.

Some induſtrious and well diſpoſed Perſons have under Conſideration to Cauſe a Manufacture of Flax, Thread and a particular ſort of Linnen Cloth, to be ſet up in the Vincinity of this Metropolis, where all who are inclined to Work, may find ſomething to do within the Compaſs of their Capacity and ſtrength; and receive a juſt and equitable Conſideration for their Labour, ſo that none who deſerve Bread, may be in Danger of ſtarving.

On Monday laſt came on in the Court of King's Bench, Weſtminſter, the Trial between Mr. Johnſton, of Dublin, &c. Plaintiff, and Capt. Alexander Wilſon, Defendant. It laſted from Ten in the Morning to Nine at Night, when the Jury withdrew, and in about Half an Hour's Time came into Court where they put the following Queſtion to Lord Chief Juſtice Lee, "Whether a Gentleman in London correſponding with another in France, and Dealing in Bills of Exchange and Re-exchange to the Amount of 92000 l. could be deemed a Trader?" To which his Lordſhip candidly anſwered, that their Queſtion was a Point of Fact and not of Law, in which they had been determined by the Bankers and Merchants of the City, who had been firſt examined; on which they brought in their Verdict, finding Mr. Wilſon a Trader and a Bankrupt on and from the 15th of February, 1750.

Tueſday the Cauſe between Sir Charles Sedley, Bart. and the Subſcribers to a Plate run for by a Horſe of Sir Charles's at Hounſlow, near two Years ago, came on in the Court of King's Bench in Weſtminſter, when the Subſcribers agreed to pay Sir Charles the Plate, and his Charges.

A few Days ſince the Captain of a Marching Regiment was ſent for from his Company, by an Order from the War Office, upon a Complaint exhibited againſt him by a Magiſtrate, for ſtriking a Conſtable on his refuſing to give Billets upon Houſes out of his own Diviſion, for which it is thought he will be broke.

Monday between Eleven and Twelve o'Clock, a Duel was fought between Capt. Gray and L.—, in Marybon Fields, behind the Cake-Houſe, when Capt. Gray received a Wound on his Right Side, & died inſtantly.

Laſt Wedneſday the Jury ſat on the Body, and brought in their Verdict, Manſlaughter. The Body was opened by a Surgeon, and the Sword had pierc'd through the Lungs, and touched the upper Part of the Heart.

Monday Morning a young Fellow was found hanging on a Tree at Clapton; and when taken down, there was fouud in his Pockets ſeven ſhilling and a Watch, but no Memorandums or Notes, only a Letter directed to a Perſon without any Contents within; he has ſince been owned, and proves to be a young Gentleman diſordered in his Senſes.

Laſt Saturday Evening a Gentleman paſſing by a Cow Houſe juſt beyond a public Houſe, known by the Name of Sam Allen's, in his Way to Iſlington, heard the Cries of a Child which ſeemed to be much hurt; on which he went to the Door, and after knocking ſome Time, a Woman, who was buſy in the Garret, came down and let him in, when going into the Yard, they diſcovered a Maſtiff Dog worrying a little Girl. He tore the Fleſh off her Face over the Head; and it was with great Difficulty they releaſed the Child, which 'tis thought cannot recover.

Tueſday Night the 11th Inſtant, an anonymous Letter was thrown into the Court Yard belonging to the Houſe of John Liſter, Eſq; at Bawry in the County of York, requiring him to lay 50 l. in Gallway Summer Houſe, on the Warren, againſt the Sunday following, and threatning in Caſe of Refuſal, to burn his ſaid Houſe, and do other Miſchief, declaring there was a Gang of Twenty, well armed, concerned in this Affair.——His Majeſty, for the better bringing to Juſtice the ſeveral Perſons concerned, hath been pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of the Offenders (except the Perſon who actually wrote the ſaid Letter) who ſhall diſcover his Accomplices, ſo that they may be convicted thereof. And John Liſter, Eſq; has offered a Reward of 50 l. on Conviction of one or more of the Offenders.

Monday Evening about 7 o'Clock, a Clergyman that came by the Coach to the Black Lion in Water Lane, deſired the Man of the Houſe to help him to a truſty Fellow to carry his Portmanteau to Sadler's Hall in Cheapſide, which the Maſter of the Inn accordingly provided; when the Porter got thither, he was accoſted within the Gates by a Perſon in a Livery Dreſs, who ſaid he ſuppoſed he had got Mr. ———'s Trunk, to which the Bearer anſwer'd in the Affirmative; the Man paid him Sixpence for his Trouble, but the Porter deſired ſome Small Beer, which the Sharper told him he could not then help him to, but gave him a Penny for that Purpoſe. and as ſoon as he got without the Gates the Fellow made clear off with the Portmanteau, in which was contained the Value of 20 l. and has not been heard of ſince.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight John Drinkwater was taken into Cuſtody at Dice Key, being charged with fraudulently extorting Money under falſe Pretences, and being carried before a Magiſtate was committed to Newgate. The ſaid Drinkwater had Orders ſome Time ago to delivered ſome Clocks, which were packed up in Boxes, on board an Ipſwich Hoy, and upon a Certificate of the Delivery, he was to receive the Money for the ſame; but he had taken out the Clocks, and packed up ſome Bricks and other Things in their ſtead, and when the Boxes were opened the Fraud was diſcovered. A Woman was committed to the Poultry Compter on ſuſpicion of being an Accomplice with him.

Laſt Saturday a Fellow was brought before Juſtice Fielding on ſuſpicion of being concerning in the Murder of Carey the Higler. This Fellow had long haunted a Public Houſe in Stanmore, and been obſerved to go out in the Night Time, and return in the Morning, and frequently to appear diſcontended in his Mind, ſo as to be ſeen to cry: Some Gentlemen who accidentally came into the Houſe, happened to fix their Eyes on him, and recollecting that he anſwered the Deſcription publiſhed in the Papers of the Man that perpetrated that Murder, had him ſecured; and finding he could give no Account of himſelf, brought him to Town. He behaved with great Rudeneſs, and ſeemed to be utterly careleſs of his Fate.

Wedneſday the Seſſions ended at the Old Bailey, when the fourteen following Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz.

James Hayes & Richard Broughton, for a ſtreet Robbery.

James Davis, for a ſtreet Robbery.

John Powney, for ſtealing Plate and other Goods in a Dwelling Houſe.

Joſeph Andrews, for a Forgery.

Ann Wilſon, for the Murder of Ann Elliot, who pleaded Guilty.

Mary Killſay, for a Robbery in her own Dwelling Houſe.

William Girdler, for a Highway Robbery, near Knightsbridge.

Anthony de Roſa, for the Murder of Mr. Fergus, at the Barking Dogs. Two Witneſſes who ſwore in the Priſoner's Favour were committed to Newgate for Perjury.

Joſeph Gerardino, for murdering a Perſon in Hog Lane.

Thomas Huddle, for returning from Tranſportation.

Barnard Agnue, Thomas Fox and Thomas Gall, for publiſhing a forged Promiſſary Note for twenty-four Guineas.

Ann Lewis, for forging a Seaman's Power of Attorney, Judgment was reſpited.

Four were branded, and three whipped.

Mary Killſay pleaded her Belly, and a Jury of Matrons being impanelled, brought in their Verdict Not quick.

The next Seſſions will begin on April the 8th.

It is ſaid that the Portugueſe under ſentence of Death, for the Murder of Mr. Fargues at Hoxton, will be hanged in Chains near Stamford-Hill Turnpike.

The Trial of Miſs Blandy will come on next Tueſday at the Aſſizes at Oxford; and it is ſaid, ſix Counſellors are retained on the Part of the Crown, and four in Behalf of the Priſoner.

AReport prevails that thirty-two ſail of Men of War are to be put into Commiſſion, forthwith, ſome of which are to be ſent to the Eaſt Indies.

Monday there was a very ſmart Preſs below Bridge for ſailors, to mann ſeveral Men of War lately put into Commiſſion; but where they are deſtined is not made public.

Two hundred thouſand Pieces of Eight have already been ſaved out of the Spaniſh Regiſter Ship lately loſt near Cadiz; and the reſt, 'tis expected will be ſav'd. All the Officers and Paſſengers that were on board the ſaid Ship, except the Boatſwain, were loſt.

Extract of a Letter from Cadiz, Feb. 10, *N. S.*

"Our Advices from Vera Cruz import, that the Cargo of the Retiro) which had been deſerted by the Crew, who gave her over for loſt) would be moſtly ſaved, ſhe being aſhore near Cape Catoche, where the Sea does not come near her, and under the Care of the Governor of the Provinces. That St. George and the Jaſon were propoſed to depart ſpeedily; but it was doubtful whether they would be able to get away ſo ſoon as was expected.

Extract of a private Letter from Paris.

"By the laſt Diſpatches from the Duke de Mire-poix we learn, that his Excellency has had a Conference with the Britiſh Miniſtry, and repreſented to them, That the King could not deſiſt from his Claim concerning the Reſtitution of the Prizes made before the Year 1744, ſince his Majeſty thought he had clearly explained the Grounds of it. Upon which they made Anſwer to his Excellency, That his Britannic Majeſty did not conceive how ſuch Reſtitution could be required of him, as there was not the leaſt mention made of it in the Treaty of Aix la Chapelle; and beſides, it is a long while ſince Judgment has been given on thoſe Prizes, and the Produce thereof divided among the Captors."

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, Feb. 22. We hear that five Grenadiers, who deſerted from the Regiment quartered here, are taken at Harwich, who were going into Foreign Service, and committed to the Tower of London. 'Tis believ'd that on Account of the great Deſertion that has been lately made from the ſaid Regiment, ſeveral of them will be condemned to be ſhot to Death, and brought down to this City for that Purpoſe after their Sentence.

SCOLAND.

Edinburgh, Feb. 18. They write from Dublin, that Capt. Maxwell's Houſe at Fellows-Hall, in the County of Armaugh, has been burnt to the Ground, and that his Daughter, in whoſe Room the Fire broke out, periſhed in the Flames.

"In the great Quantities of Grain come from England and Ireland, the Price of Oatmeal is fallen in the Weſtern Country to 10d. the Peck, and in the North to 8 d.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Paris, Feb. 14. It is pretended that the Abbe Prades and the Abbe Yvon, whoſe Names have made ſo much Noiſe on Occaſion of the remarkable Theſis lately cenſured by the Sorbonne, are both gone over to England, where they propoſe to carry on the Encyclopædia, if the Printers or Bookſellers in our Country will undertake it.

Amſterdam, Feb. 15, *O. S.* By Letters from Batavia of the 4th of July laſt, we hear, that our Indian Company has gained two Victories over the Rebels of Bantam, who had advanced towards the Frontiers of Jacatra; that both Defeats were total, and that they hoped ſoon to relieve Bantam, which was beſieged by a large Body of Rebels. Theſe Letters add, that the Emperor of Java ſeemed much inclined to favour the Company, and to procure a Determination to this War.

Hamburgh, Feb. 11. *O. S.* They write from Dantzick, that a Decree was iſſued by the Royal Commiſſion, which puts an End to all the Diſputes that have ſo long ſubſiſted between the Magiſtracy and Burghers of that City. By this Decree, the Behaviour of the Magiſtrates and Burghers are ſo impartially ſettled, that tis hoped Concord will be entirely re-eſtabliſhed among them. The Preſence of the High Chancellor and Vice Chancellor of Poland being no longer neceſſary in that City, the latter is ſet out for Dreſden, and the former is preparing to ſet out for Warſaw. This Commiſſion has fined the Magiſtrates and Burghers about 1,500,000 Florins.

"The Fuerre departed from the Havannah for Carthagena the 8th of Deccem. The Men of War at the Havannah were ready for Sea, but could not come away for want of Hands, which they had no Hopes of ſpeedily getting; for out of 800 Seamen that came over from Old Spain, 600 died of the Black Vomit."

Venice, Feb. 1. *O. S.* Private Letters from Adrianople adviſe, that the Diviſion is now ſo great in Perſia, that there is ſcarce a Province in the Kingdom which has not elected a Head; the Schah Doub only ſupports his Power by permitting his Troops to commit all kind of Outrages, who would otherwiſe go over to his Enemies.

Vienna, Feb. 5. *O, S.* The Baron de Trenk, Nephew to the famous Colonel of that Name, who was come here to claim the ſucceſſion of his Uncle, was arreſted the other Day and conducted to Priſon, the Cauſe of which remains, as yet, an impenetrable Secret.

BANKRUPTS.

William Greenwood, of Sowerby, in the Pariſh of Halifax, in the County of York, Chapman.

Richard Goodwin, of Mildenhall, in the County of Suffolk, Grocer and Chapman.

William Torrington, of the City of Coventry, Silkman and Chapman.

This Day are publiſhed,

THE NATURAL METHOD of curing the DISEASES of the Body, and the DISORDERS of the Mind depending on the Body.

In THREE PARTS.

I. GENERAL REFLECTIONS on the Oeconomy of Nature in Animal Life.

II. The MEANS and METHOD for preſerving Life and Faculties; and alſo concerning the NATURE and CURE of Acute, Contagious, and Cephalic Diſorders.

III. REFLECTIONS on the NATURE and CURE of particular Chronical Diſtempers.

By GEORGE CHEYNE, *M D. R. C. Ed. & F. R. S.*

Alſo, by the ſame AUTHOR, *The Six following* BOOKS, *viz.*

An ESSAY on HEALTH and LONG LIFE. *The* NINTH EDITION.

The ENGLISH MALADY; or, A Treatiſe of Nervous Diſeaſes of all Kinds, as Spleen, Vapours, Lowneſs of Spirits, Hypochondriacal and Hiſterical Diſtempers, *&c.* In THREE PARTS.

An ESSAY of the true Nature and due Method of treating the GOUT: Together with an Account of the Nature and Quality of BATH-WATERS, the Manner of uſing them, and the Diſeaſes in which they are proper: As alſo of the Nature and Cure of moſt Chronical Diſtempers. *The* FIFTH EDITION, *enlarged to more than double the former.*

A NEW THEORY of Acute and Slow-continued FEVERS: Wherein, beſides their Appearances and the Manner of their Cure, occaſionally the Structure of the GLANDS, and the Manner and Laws of *Secretion*, the Operation of *Purgative*, *Vomitive*, and *Mercurial* MEDICINES, are *Mechanically* explained. To which is prefixed, An ESSAY concerning the Improvement of the Theory of Medicine. *The* FOURTH EDITION, *corrected.*

Philoſophical Principles of RELIGION, Natural and Revealed. In TWO PARTS. I. Containing the Elements of Natural Philoſophy, and the Proofs of Natural Religion. II. The Nature of Infinites, together with the Philoſophic Principles of Revealed Religion. *The* THIRD EDITION.

An ESSAY on REGIMEN, together with five Diſcourſes, Medical, Moral, and Philoſophical: Serving to illuſtrate the Principles and Theory of Philoſophical Medicine, and point out ſome of its Moral Conſequences. *The* NINTH EDITION.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, and Sold by A. STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball near St. Michael's Church, Cornhill.

Where may be had,
All Sorts of Stationary Wares.

An Infallible Remedy

For Broken-winded HORSES,

WHICH has been publiſh'd, and ſold many Years, before any Counterfeits in other Forms appear'd, and highly commended from one Friend to another: The vaſt Quantities that have been ſold alſo verify its Efficacy and Virtues; for it moſt perfectly cures them, after all other Means have been ineffectual, to a Wonder, in a ſmall Time, without Confinement, by attenuating and opening the Globules of the Lungs dried up, and all the Paſſages obſtructed by Humours dripping thereon, occaſioned by hard Riding, Colds, &c It cauſes preſently a free Perſpiration, renewing it's Force, Vigour and Length, as well as ever.

It immediately cures thoſe Horſes, only a little touched in their Wind, as alſo continued Coughs, Colds, Wheeſing, &c. being excellent in preventing many other Diſtempers incident to them, by maintaining, preſerving, and continuing a good Breath.

And in a Word, by this very Medicine alone, many Horſes have been made ſo perfectly ſound, that they have been ſold or valued from 10 to 30 or 40 Pounds, which, by being broken-winded, could not before be ſold for 3 or 4 Pounds.

It is ſold at Mr. Sandwell's Toy ſhop, at the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry, for 4s. 6 d. the Quart Bottle, with Directions for taking it, and no where elſe in England.

The GREAT CARMINATIVE,

A moſt famous Tincture for the Wind Cholic,

IN what Part ſoever lodged; for at once taking, and in five Minutes Time, it perfectly cures the ſeveral Gripings in the Guts, and immediately expels the Wind from the Stomach or Bowels (as it were) to a Miracle.

For all wandering Pains in any Part ſoever, which are in ſome Perſons forerunners of a fixed Rheumatiſm; in others, the Gout, miſtaken many Times under the Notion of Scorbutick Ailments, this famous Medicine has not its Fellow, having wrought Wonders in theſe Caſes on great Numbers of People, who, before taking it, could neither ſit, ſtand nor lie at Eaſe, but were in intolerable Pain Night and Day, and in taking leſs than half a Bottle, were abſolutely freed from their preſent Pain, and by a ſhort Continuance of the Courſe, recovered to perfect Health again.

As for any Belchings, or Hiccups, proceeding from Wind, or, in ſhort, in any Caſe of Wind, it may be depended on, as the beſt, ſafeſt, moſt expeditious, and moſt ſovereign Remedy ever yet known.

To be ſold now only by Mr Sandwell, at his Toy-ſhop, the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry, and by Mr Martin, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland in Cranbourn-Alley, near Leiceſter Fields, at 3 s. the Bottle Retail.

By the ſaid Mr. Sandwell and Mr. Martin is ſold for 3 s. the Bottle.

The Princely beautifying LOTION,

Whoſe INIMITABLE VIRTUES and TRANSCENDENT EXCELLENCIES have gain'd it ſo much Reputation, that envious Imitators endeavour, tho' in vain, to counterfeit it.

It beautifies the Face, Neck, and Hands, to the utmoſt Perfection, and is in the greateſt Eſteem amongſt Ladies, &c. of the firſt Quality: No Words can ſufficiently expreſs its Virtues; for it is not of the Nature of Paint, which puts a falſe and unnatural Gloſs on the Skin, but is a true Remedy, that really gives a Luſtre to the moſt Beautiful, by ſhewing the fine Features of the Face; and is ſafe, not having the leaſt Grain of Mercury in it, that it may be taken in wardly; and if ſmell'd to is really good againſt Vapours.

It infallibly kills Worms in the Face, takes away Freckles, Sport, Wrinckles, Pits or Marks of the Small-Pox, and effectually cures any Defects in the Face giving a charming youthful Luſtre and fine Air to the Features to Admiration.

As for ſuch Perſons as are of a ſwarthy Compleſtion, or troubled with any diſagreeable Redneſs, Roughneſs, Morphew, Heats, or the like, it is not to be parallell'd; for it immediately ſmooths, clears, plumps, nouriſhes, and whitens the Skin to the laſt Degree, and makes thoſe Perſons who before looked hagged and old, to look young, beautiful, and fair; and in ſhort it far exceeds any thing that was ever yet known, or made publick for clearing and beautifying the Skin.

It will keep good twenty Years, well cork'd, in any Part of the World, good Allowance is given by the Dozen to ſell again.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A FEW Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, at ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick, nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that, in itſelf, is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Fouleneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſide; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience in nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up, and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected: and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Proliſick, Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up with Direction (for any Meſſenger) upon taking for only a bottle of Quinteſſence.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very beſt Method and Medicines in uſual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, in as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly eaſes, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is wonderfully Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country, ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon, in thoſe Caſes.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6*s.* a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Diſeaſe is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balſamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Aſk only for a 6*s.* Pot of Balſamic Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.

Dr. R. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice of above thirty Years, does recommend his moſt Noble Cleanſing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thouſands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World,

For Gleets and Weakneſſes,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Deſtroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (than which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, or Self-Pollution (that curſed School Wickedneſs, which ſpoils all our Youth, by nipping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emiſſions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which drain, and dry up, the Seminals, and wither, as it were the Generative Faculties, cauſing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenneſs in Women, (or but a weakly, ſickly Offspring if any) and in the long Run (by impoveriſhing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Conſumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleaſant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpoſe; for let the Imbecility be ever ſo great, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Veſſels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures, by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nouriſhing, and repleniſhing the Reins and Seminals and ſtrengthning and reſtoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much ſoever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed which before was thin, wateriſh, or yellowiſh, and conſequently inſufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Diſorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or ſmarting, or foul, ſlimy, thready, greaſy or ſlinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Strangury, or a Venereal Cauſe are likewiſe ſpeedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as ſtrongly, and yet brought away as freely, eaſily, full ſtream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5*s.* a Bottle. Prepared by the aboveſaid Author, and ſold only) ſealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbett's Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-Street, and by Henry Cook, under the Royal-Exchange, for 5*s.* a Bottle of Elixir.

be only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe, the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived to the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without a ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, do at once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Worches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and enoble the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3*s.* 6*d.* a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY *or* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occaſioned, by* Pollutio ſui, *Seminal Weakneſſes of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And alſo

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weakneſſes, Coldneſs of Conſtitution, or any other Cauſe whatever.*

The Famous and Ineſtimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenneſs in Women, in the Univerſe, and which at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently repleniſhing the criſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by faſt living, Strains, or Self Abuſes, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It reſtifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5*s.* a Bottle, ſealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

The ſo much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack* Melancholy in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and thereby immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as removing the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, wonderful ſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; attogether, Flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Tremblings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which unfortunately afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe famous fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepared from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their moſt Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, as certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only of Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill London, at 3*s.* 6*d.* a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE ſhorteſt, ſafe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleaſant to take, and as eaſy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; ſo that the unfortunate Patient gets ſuddenly and ſurprizingly well, without Diſlike to his Palate, the leaſt Diſorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now ſo well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth uſed to ſay would totally extirpate the Venereal Diſeaſe from the Face of the Earth, were it but univerſally known and proptly taken. Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it preſently cures; and if taken in Time even prevents their taking Place. It is a ſafe, gentle, and pleaſant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Perſons, in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary; nor can the deepeſt Scurvy, Rheumatick Gout, Evil, or Leproſy, ſtand before it, but are pleaſantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the higheſt and moſt inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Diſeaſe; which, with all its moſt raging Symptoms, it ſoon eradicates, reſtoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it abſolutely to be depended upon, and much more ſafe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Thoſe who once take it, will never have Recourſe to any Thing elſe. One Pot in moſt Caſes is ſufficient for a Cure.

Price 6*s.* a Pot, ſealed up with a Book of Inſtructions, by which all Perſons may fully underſtand their own Conditions, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poiſon is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Aſk only for a Six Shilling Pot of the Scurvy. No Letters anſwered unleſs Poſt-paid.

To Perſons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS ſo frequent as of late they have been, nor have the uſual Remedies been found adequate to thoſe pertinacious Diſtempers: This occaſioned a Phyſician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palſy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes, and always with ſurprizing Succeſs, even ſo as infallibly to cure by it the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Diſorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that ſo thoſe labouring under theſe miſerable Ailments might know where to meet with a ſafe and moſt certain Cure, which it accompliſhes in ſo ſhort a Time, and with ſuch Eaſe and Pleaſure (a few Drops of it being a Doſe, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almoſt incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonſtrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients ſoon finds all Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and ſhaking, or Reſolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulſive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vaniſh and return no more, and this, though theſe Diſeaſes have been of many Years ſtanding, and whether occaſioned by long Illneſs, faſt Living, hard drinking, or any other Cauſe; for it performs all that can be wiſhed for in Nervous Caſes, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digeſtion, occaſions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, cauſes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Veſſels, revives and increaſes the Spirits, warms, comforts, ſtrengthens, and repleniſhes the Brain and whole Nervous Syſtem, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs reſtored to their priſtine Steadineſs and Strength, and the Palſy and all Paralitick Diſorders and Nervous Decays ſuddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themſelves, and all about them.

This ſovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be ſold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3*s.* 6*d.* a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

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Where Advertiſements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.